

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF PARKLAND SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Parkland School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Vivien Cotton, using the staff and resources of Cotton Kelly Smit Ltd (CKS Audit), to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 23, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its financial position as at 31 December 2019; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 26 May 2020. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below and we draw your attention to other matters. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Emphasis of Matter - COVID-19

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the disclosures in note 24 on page 22 which outline the possible effects of the Alert Level 4 lockdown as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.





In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.





We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which
may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material
errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall
understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Analysis of Variance, the Kiwi Sport Statement, the list of Trustees and the Statement of Responsibility, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Vivien Cotton CKS Audit

On behalf of the Auditor-General Palmerston North, New Zealand



ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



Ministry Number:

2424

Principal:

Peter Barnett

School Address:

41 Parkland Cresent, Palmerston North 4410

School Postal Address:

41 Parkland Cresent, Palmerston North 4410

School Phone:

06 358 1469

School Email:

office@parkland.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

Accounting For Schools Limited

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2019

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Statement of Responsibility
For the year ended 31 December 2019

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2019 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

RICHARD LLOYD	Peter Barnett
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal
Aller	RAPAH
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
26/5/2020	26/5/20
Date: / /	Date:

Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	2,350,487	2,357,439	2,293,790
Locally Raised Funds	3	110,175	96,000	90,095
Interest income	_	16,151	13,000	11,382
	_	2,476,813	2,466,439	2,395,267
Function				
Expenses	3	80,371	53,300	42,540
Locally Raised Funds Learning Resources	4	1,581,413	1,632,720	1,531,396
Administration	5	118,397	123,204	114,847
Finance	3	953	120,204	1,005
Property	6	594,135	584,042	539,402
Depreciation	6 7	64,162	58,300	66,032
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	•	-	-	3,482
	-	2,439,431	2,451,566	2,298,704
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		37,382	14,873	96,563
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	37,382	14,873	96,563

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity For the year ended 31 December 2019

For the year ended or December 2019				
	Notes	2019	2019 Budget	2018
		Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January		960,963	960,965	864,400
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education		37,382	14,873	96,563
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		9,424	-	-
Equity at 31 December	,	1,007,769	975,838	960,963
Retained Earnings Reserves		1,007,769 -	975,838 -	960,963 -
Equity at 31 December		1,007,769	975,838	960,963

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	808,300	699,130	699,193
Accounts Receivable	9	104,508	91,870	152,444
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	55,650	73,500	52,571
GST Receivable		43,215	12,000	7,822
Prepayments		625	750	596
Inventories	10	1,143	1,500	1,441
		1,013,441	878,750	914,067
Comment Link liketon				
Current Liabilities	12	154 920	115 200	115 001
Accounts Payable	13	154,830 1,285	115,200 200	115,901
Revenue Received in Advance Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	5,000	5,000	16,732 4,667
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	15	7,137	4,500	6,884
Finance Lease Liability - Current Fortion	10 -	168,252	124,900	144,184
		100,232	124,900	144,104
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		845,189	753,850	769,883
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	235,220	271,488	245,229
		235,220	271,488	245,229
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	68,057	45,000	48,942
Finance Lease Liability	15	4,583	4,500	5,207
		72,640	49,500	54,149
Net Assets		1,007,769	975,838	960,963
	•			
Equity	-	1,007,769	975,838	960,963
-1				

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Note	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Cash flows from Operating Activities		\$	\$	\$
Government Grants		513,631	498,597	488,012
Locally Raised Funds		102,629	88,187	101,265
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(35,393)	(4,178)	(10,448)
Payments to Employees		(169,759)	(198,907)	(184,717)
Payments to Suppliers		(225,777)	(306,226)	(235,948)
Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year			(19,351)	(40,252)
Interest Paid		(953)		(1,005)
Interest Received		16,505	13,091	11,382
Net cash from Operating Activities		200,883	71,213	128,289
Cash flows from Investing Activities		Secretaria del constituir		
Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)		(38,637)	(84,559)	(73,264)
Purchase of Investments		(00.007)	(04.550)	(9,131)
Net cash from Investing Activities		(38,637)	(84,559)	(82,395)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	-
Finance Lease Payments	· ·	(1,079)	(3,091)	(4,928)
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		(52,060)	(20,929)	(104,383)
Net cash from Financing Activities	ä	(53,139)	(24,020)	(109,311)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		109,107	(37,366)	(63,417)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	699,193	395,062	458,479
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	808,300	357,696	395,062

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Parkland School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

Standard early adopted

In line with the Financial Statements of the Government, the School has elected to early adopt PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. PBE IFRS 9 replaces PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Information about the adoption of PBE IFRS 9 is provided in Note 25.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.



Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Cyclical maintenance provision

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's long term maintenance plan which is prepared as part of its 10 Year Property Planning process. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its 10 Year Property Plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at Note 14.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses. The school applies the simplified expected credit loss model of recognising lifetime expected credit losses for receivables. In measuring expected credit losses, short-term receivables have been assessed on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics. They have been grouped based on the days past due. Short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the debtor being in liquidation.

Prior Year Policy

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

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Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

j) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

Prior Year Policy

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements to Crown Owned Assets

10–75 years

Furniture and equipment

5–10 years

Information and communication technology

3–5 years

Motor vehicles

5 years

Textbooks

3 years

Leased assets held under a Finance Lease

3 years

Library resources 12.5% Diminishing value

I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- · the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

r) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, funds held for capital works, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "fair value through profit or loss" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings and finance lease liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

s) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

t) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

u) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

2. Government Grants			
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational Grants	451,302	419,439	433,248
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,423,617	1,425,000	1,373,901
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	443,048	440,000	423,182
Other MoE Grants	32,175	73,000	63,459
Other Government Grants	345	-	
	2,350,487	2,357,439	2,293,790
3. Locally Raised Funds			
Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:			
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	31,491	40,000	45,599
Bequests & Grants	11,350	4,000	
Activities	55,974	48,000	18,120
Trading	11,102	- 1	9,147
Fundraising	258	4,000	17,229
	110,175	96,000	90,095
Expenses			
Activities	73,144	53,300	35,507
Trading	7,227	_	7,033
	30 • ===================================		
	80,371	53,300	42,540

29,804

42,700



47,555

Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

4. Learning Resources

4. Learning Nesources			
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	36,058	43,505	31,070
Equipment Repairs	6,666	9,500	4,934
Information and Communication Technology	6,273	7,000	7,274
Library Resources	3,851	5,500	2,377
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,508,613	1,545,215	1,472,847
Staff Development	19,952	22,000	12,894
	1,581,413	1,632,720	1,531,396
5. Administration			
3. Administration	2019	2019	2018
	2019	Budget	2010
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	4,422	5,085	4,293
Board of Trustees Fees	3,475	6,000	3,640
Board of Trustees Expenses	5,176	4,750	3,339
Communication	1,704	3,300	2,271
Consumables	16,389	9,019	14,613
Operating Lease	548	600	370
Other	9,844	17,350	9,491
Employee Benefits - Salaries	67,182	67,000	67,347
Insurance	4,257	4,600	4,083
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	5,400	5,500	5,400
	118.397	123,204	114.847



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

6. Property

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	10,416	11,500	11,902
Consultancy and Contract Services	31,200	35,000	31,200
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	19,448	15,742	9,661
Grounds	19,921	21,600	14,546
Heat, Light and Water	23,512	23,700	22,286
Rates	2,663	2,500	2,836
Repairs and Maintenance	25,376	15,000	6,187
Use of Land and Buildings	443,048	440,000	423,182
Security	1,766	3,500	2,261
Employee Benefits - Salaries	16,785	15,500	15,341
	594,135	584,042	539,402

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Depreciation

	2019 Actual	2019 Budget	2018
		(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements - Crown	3,794	3,447	3,536
Furniture and Equipment	19,572	17,784	22,493
Information and Communication Technology	30,196	27,437	29,365
Leased Assets	6,518	5,922	6,113
Library Resources	4,082	3,709	4,525
	64,162	58,300	66,032



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Current Account	120,850	25,000	25,373
Bank Call Account	373,718	370,000	369,690
Short-term Bank Deposits	313,732	304,130	304,130
Cash and cash equivalents for Cash Flow Statement	808,300	699,130	699,193

The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

9. Accounts Receivable

o, Accounts receivable	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	308	500	4,977
Interest Receivable	2,737	3,000	3,091
Banking Staffing Underuse	9,279	-	47,704
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	92,184	88,370	96,672
	104,508	91,870	152,444
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3,045	3,500	8,068
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	101,463	88,370	144,376
	104,508	91,870	152,444
10. Inventories			
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	1,143	1,500	1,441
	1,143	1,500	1,441



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

2019	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Building Improvements	83,917	6,389	_	-	(3,794)	86,512
Furniture and Equipment	79,240	6,633	-	-	(19,572)	66,300
Information and Communication Technology	40,440	31,112	-	-	(30,196)	41,356
Leased Assets	9,960	6,093	-	-	(6,518)	9,535
Library Resources	31,672	3,928	-	-	(4,082)	31,518
Balance at 31 December 2019	245,229	54,155		-	(64,162)	235,220
The net carrying value of equipment 2019	held under a financ	e lease is \$9,53	4 (2018: \$9,960		Accumulated Depreciation \$	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements				194,302	(107,791)	86,512
Furniture and Equipment				575,041	(508,741)	66,300
Information and Communication Technology				224,162	(182,806)	41,356
Leased Assets				25,095	(15,560)	9,535
Library Resources				72,473	(40,955)	31,518
Balance at 31 December 2019			=	1,091,073	(855,853)	235,220
2018	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
D. U.S.	04.047	00 507			(2.526)	02.040
Building Improvements Furniture and Equipment	64,917 72,506	22,537 29,228			(3,536) (22,493)	83,918 79,241
Information and Communication Technology	51,013	18,812	(20)	-	(29,365)	40,440
Leased Assets	4,621	11,452		<u>.</u>	(6,113)	9,960
Library Resources	33,490	6,169	(3,462)	-	(4,525)	31,672
Balance at 31 December 2018	226,547	88,198	(3,482)		(66,032)	245,231



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

11. Property, Plant and Equipment cont.

2018	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation \$	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	187,915	(103,998)	83,917
Furniture and Equipment	568,409	(489,169)	79,240
Information and Communication Technology	193,049	(152,609)	40,440
Leased Assets	19,003	(9,043)	9,960
Library Resources	68,545	(36,873)	31,672
Balance at 31 December 2018	1,036,921	(791,692)	245,229
12. Accounts Payable			
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating Creditors	53,698	13,500	9,614
Accruals	4,422	4,200	4,293
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	92,184	93,000	96,672
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	4,526	4,500	5,322
	154,830	115,200	115,901
Payables for Exchange Transactions	154,830	115,200	115,901
	154,830	115,200	115,901
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
13. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
PTA Funds	1,010	-	4,242
Camp Fees	275	200	12,490
	1,285	200	16,732



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	53,609	53,609	84,200
Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year	19,448	15,742	9,661
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	(19,351)	(40,252)
Provision at the End of the Year =	73,057	50,000	53,609
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	5,000	5,000	4,667
Cyclical Maintenance - Term	68,057	45,000	48,942
	73,057	50,000	53,609

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	7,137	4,500	6,884
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	4,583	4,500	6,368
	11,720	9,000	13,252



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

	2019	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contributions \$	Closing Balances
Block 1 & 10 Roof Remediation	completed	950	-	(950)	-	-
Block 3 &17 ILE Upgrade and Toilet		(44,976)	391,095	(401,769)	_	(55,650)
Hall Development	in progress	(8,545)	-	-	8,545	-
Totals	,	(52,571)	391,095	(402,719)	8,545	(55,650)
. 5.25	,	(32,371)	391,093	(402,713)	0,040	(00,000)
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry Funds Due from the Ministry of Educ						- (55,650)
					_	(55,650)
	2018	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contributions \$	Closing Balances
Security Alarm Upgrade	completed	(5,844)	2,429	3,212	203	
Fire Alarm	completed	47,496	5,565	(53,061)		-
Block 1 & 10 Roof Remediation	in progress		10,594	(9,644)		950
Block 1, 2 & 10 Replace Floor cover			20,028	(20,028)	1	_
Block 3 &17 ILE Upgrade and Toilet	E in progress	(13,714)	-	(31,262)		(44,976)
Hall Redevelopment	in progress			(8,545)		(8,545)
Totals		27,938	38,616	(119,328)	203	(52,571)

17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2019	2018
	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
Board Members		
Remuneration	3,475	3,640
Full-time equivalent members	0.03	0.08
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	522,465	326,674
Full-time equivalent members	5	3
_		
Total key management personnel remuneration	525,940	330,314
Total full-time equivalent personnel	5.03	3.08

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2019	2018
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	140 - 150	130 - 140
Benefits and Other Emoluments	3 - 4	3 - 4
Termination Benefits	-	- 1 T

Other Employees

There were no other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 (2018: nil).

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

2019 Actual 2018 Actual

Total

Number of People

20 Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2019 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2018: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry has commenced a review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. The initial phase of this review has identified areas of non-compliance. The Ministry has recognised an estimated provision based on the analysis of sample data, which may not be wholly representative of the total dataset for Teacher and Support Staff Entitlements. A more accurate estimate will be possible after further analysis of non-compliance has been completed, and this work is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis has been completed

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2019, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2019 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

(a) A contract for Block 3 & 17 ILE upgrade with a total value of \$631,225 of which \$434,550 is funded by the Ministry and \$196,675 by the Board. \$391,095 funding has been received and \$446,745.45 has been spent to date; and

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2018: A contract for Block 3 & 17 ILE upgrade. No funds have been received but \$44,976 has been spent on the project to balance date.)



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2019 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of a photocopier service charge for \$10,556 p/a until March 2021;

	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
No later than One Year	10,556	10,556
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	3,195	13,195
Later than Five Years	-	Ŧ
	13,751	23,751

2019

2018

22. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost (2018: Loans and receivables)

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	808,300	699,130	699,193
Receivables	104,508	91,870	152,444
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	912,808	791,000	851,637
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	154,830	115,200	115,901
Finance Leases	11,720	9,000	12,091
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	166,550	124,200	127,992

24. Events After Balance Date

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organisation declared the outbreak of COVID-19 (a novel Coronavirus) a pandemic. Two weeks later, on 26 March, New Zealand increased its' COVID-19 alert level to level 4 and a nationwide lockdown commenced. As part of this lockdown all schools were closed. Subsequently all schools and kura reopened on the 18th of May 2020.

At the date of issuing the financial statements, the school has been able to absorb the majority of the impact from the nationwide lockdown as it was decided to start the annual Easter School holidays early. In the periods the school is open for tuition, the school has switched to alternative methods of delivering the curriculum, so students can learn remotely.

At this time the full financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is not able to be determined, but it is not expected to be significant to the school. The school will continue to receive funding from the Ministry of Education, even while closed.

Parkland School Annual Report and Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

25. Adoption of PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In accordance with the transitional provisions of PBE IFRS 9, the school has elected not to restate the information for previous years to comply with PBE IFRS 9. Adjustments arising from the adoption of PBE IFRS 9 are recognised in opening equity at 1 January 2019. Accounting policies have been updated to comply with PBE IFRS 9. The main updates are:

• Note 9 Receivables: This policy has been updated to reflect that the impairment of short-term receivables is now determined by applying an expected credit loss model.

Upon transition to PBE IFRS9 there were no material adjustments to these financial statements.



Members of the Board of Trustees For the year ended 31 December 2019

Name	Position	How position on Board gained	Occupation	Term expired/expires
Richard lloyd	Chairman	Elected	Manager	May 2022
Peter Barnett	Principal ex officio	Principal		
Jules Grace	Parent Rep	Elected	Business Owner	May 2022
Bryan Ousey	Parent Rep	Elected	Manager	May 2022
Heidi Burden	Parent Rep	Elected	Head Teacher	May 2022
Kelly Franklin-Browne	Parent Rep	Elected		May 2022
Carolyn Jones	Staff Rep	Elected	Teacher	May 2022
	8			

PARKLAND SCHOOL 2424 KIWISPORT FUNDING 2019



Kiwisport is a Government funded initiative to support students' participation in organised sport.

In 2019 Parkland School received \$4275.78 (exc) in Kiwisport Funding. The funding contributed to a schoolwide swimming programme in September 2019.

The percentage of children (whole school roll) involved in organised sport continues to be high at around the 75% level

Peter Barnett

Principal

PARKLAND SCHOOL (2424) ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE REPORT 2019

YEAR 4 LITERACY



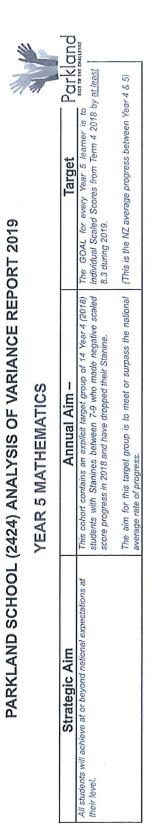
		hanne
	Annual Aim - Year 4 Literacy	Target
id national	There are a group of students from Year 3 in 2018 with Stanines between 2 and 4 who have not reached the NZ average scaled score in the STAR Test. (Reading) We believe they are all capable of doing so.	The goal for the identified students is to improve their scaled score so that they reach or surpass the Year 4 National Scaled Score Average in 2019 of at 1000 to 11
		4.101.4

Baseline Data - Scaled Scores STAR 2018	Outcomes scaled Score - STAR 2019
	(Average Progress in Y4- 27) Goal of 81.4
Student 1 (TT) 49.8	Student 1 77.8 (27)
Student 2 (BG) 59.9	Student 2 89.9 (30)
Student 3 (TH) 64.7	Student 3 82.5 (17.8)
Student 4 (CD) 67	Student 4 97.2 (30.2)
Student 5 (AP) 69.3	Student 5 91.2 (21.9)
Student 6 (NAL) 59.9	Student 6 Ab
Student 7 (KH) 74.1	Student 7 97 (22.9)
Student 8 (RC) 65.8	Student 8 95 (29.2)
Student 9 (LN) 76.6	Student 9 105 (28.4)
Student 10 (HG) 58.6	Student 10 89 (30.4)
Student 11 (LW) 49.8	Student 11 67.7 (17.9)
Student 12 (ZC) 53.1	Student 12 ab
Student 13 (CB) 53.1	Student 13 83.6 (30.5)
Student 14 (TW) 62.3	Student 14 94 (31.7)
Student 15 (TTH) 63.5	Student 15 97.2 (33.7)
Student 16 (JR) 65.8	Student 16 82.5 (19.7)
Student 17 ((KH) 69.3	Student 17 92.6 (23.3)
Student 18 (NW) 58.6	Student 18 81.3 ((22.7)
Student 19 (MW) 75.3	Student 19 102.7 (27.4
Student 20 (ST) 71.7	Student 20 97.2 (25.2)
Student 21 (LV) 66.8	Student 21 107.5 (40.7)

	_	_								_		_			_			_	_		_			_		_			_
Next Steps			 Retain our focus on cloze, vocab, phonological 	awareness	 Keep encouraging reading for enjoyment 	 Continue to encourage students to share and discuss 	books	 Children to understand to get better at reading they 	must be reading more.	 Continue to analyse STAR data at the beginning of the 	year	 Make sure those students who score low at the 	beginning to the year are identified and go through the	LEXIA programme	 Teachers remain positive about reading, model the 	behaviour of good reading.	 Keep reading aloud to our children. 												
Variance Comment	 Of those three children who did not reach 81.4 student 	one has just been assessed by RTLB as working	around a 6-7yr level, he has limited processing skills,	student 2 has been diagnosed with Dyslexia, student 3	was 0.1 off reaching 81.4.	 Ten of our children made the STAR scale score 	expected increase from Year 3 to Year 4 (27.6) . Two	who didn't were 0.1 and 0.4 off achieving 27.6, one of	our students scored 81.4 but didn't make the expected	progress of 27.6 - he had 2 weeks off sick prior to the	test and said he had done no reading in the two weeks.	 One of our students did not answer 14 questions - the 	test is out of 45.		 Out of 21 children 18 children scored 81.4 or more (our 	goal was to surpass the Year 4 National Scaled Score	Average in 2019 of at least 81.4.	 We have observed that our children are now much 	more eager to read. They are often seen reading for	enjoyment, more children are visiting libraries, a lot	more children reading chapter books and finding a	series they enjoy. Children are sharing books and	talking about what they are reading more.	 Student A scored 107.5 - his scale score improved by 	40.7 (Expected STAR increase of scale score from Yr 3	to Yr 4 is 27.6).	 Seven students in the group made accelerated 	progress.	 Huge improvement with cloze
Actions Taken	What did we trial, change, do differently?		 Discussion about reading planning and focussing on 	cloze, vocab, word recognition.	 Margaret shared the KEY resource 	 Boys In Literacy Course Term 1 	 Analysed STAR 2018 data 	 Jacqueline shared with us STAR test - skills and 	strategies each section focuses on.	 Formal PLCs each term 	 Reading data - Running Records 	 We STAR tested term 2 with target children 	• Errorless Learning	 Target children highlighted in planning 	 Recreational reading - huge emphasis 	 Book reviews in Team Assemblies 	 PD session with Sheena Cameron on Reading 	 Discussions about testing strategies 	 Big focus on cloze - some classes completing cloze 	tasks weekly	 Analysis of STAR - comparing this year with last year 								

PARKLAND SCHOOL (2424) ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE REPORT 2019

YEAR 5 MATHEMATICS



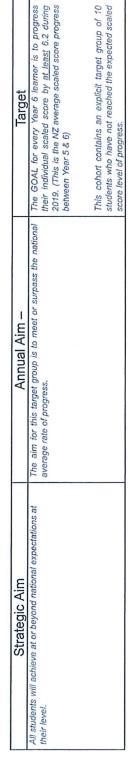
Baseline Da	Jata		Outcomes	
Year 5	PAT 2018 SCALE SCORE	Year 5	PAT 2019 Scale Score	Progress
			Average Y5 38.9	Average 8.3
Student 1 (GW) Room 8-Y5	33.5	Student 1 (GW) Room 8-Y5	49.6	.a. 18.1
Student 2 (CC) Room 8-Y5	50.8	Student 2 (CC) Room 8-Y5	64.3	+ 18.5
Student 3 (BD) Room 7-Y5	43.8	Student 3 (BD) Room 7-Y5	45.8	+ 2.0
Student 4 (SG) Room 7-Y5	39.3	Student 4 (SG) Room 7-Y5	52.2	5ZL +
Student 5 (EDM) Room 7-Y5	55.3	Student 5 (EDM) Room 7-Y5	66.9	+ 178
Student 6 (LH) Room 12-Y5	52.9	Student 6 (LH) Room 12-Y5	82	1 55 t
Student 7 (AB) Room 11-Y5	48.9	Student 7 (AB) Room 11-Y5	62	+ 48 +
Student 8 (GHN) Room 11-Y5	48.9	Student 8 (GHN) Room 11-Y5	52.2	+ 3.3
Student 9 (IS) Room 11-Y5	50.8	Student 9 (IS) Room 11-Y5	53.6	+ 2.8
Student 10 (TS)Room 11-Y5	50.8	Student 10 (TS)Room 11-Y5	62	Z LL
Student 11 (TS) Room 11-Y5	40.8	Student 11 (TS) Room 11-Y5	62	21.2
Student 12 (JP)Room 11-Y5	58.1	Student 12 (JP)Room 11-Y5	09	+ 1.9

Student 13 (BN)Room 11-Y5	42.3	Student 13 (BN)Room 11-Y5	49.6	+ 7.3
Student 14 (CW) Room 11-Y5	55.3	Student 14 (CW) Room 11-Y5	74.7	+6+

Student 14 (CW) Room 11-Y5	55.3	Student 14 (CW) Room 11-Y5	74.7	#61 +
Actions Taken		Variance Comment		Next Steps
Teachers worked in pairs and focussed on the students in these rooms.	ne students in these	We have noticed many students using language like "Can you help me try this, I want to be challenged" and "I can see where I want wrong - I did "	- Analyse e inform imp	Analyse errors and trends from this years PAT Data to inform important teaching areas next year.
T1 - Set up 'Maths Mates' in groups working on open-ended,	on open-ended,		- The sever	The seven students who did not make the expected
low-floor high-ceiling problem solving tasks. We carried out work that provided lots of opportunities for	oortunities for	We have noticed students beginning to work better with a range of other students - learning to listen to someone else's thinking	either as t	progress would need to be dosely informated next year, either as target students for Year Six teachers next
students to explain their mathematical reasoning and thinking through our daily Panga (puzzle). We shared these with families	ning and thinking d these with families	and being able to articulate their own.	year or by with Interr	year or by current teachers sharing these outcomes with Intermediate Teachers for next year.
via our Senior Team Blog.		We have seen students becoming better at drawing models to help them 'unpack' a problem. We have been encouraging them	- Continue	Continue to teach how to test, a range of students, including target students, mished through the fast mitted.
T2 - Set day each week to complete set tasks on Mathletics, expectation of 2000 points per week pushed and celebrated.	s on Mathletics, and celebrated.	to read it through 1st time - what's the context (eg. sheep in paddock, metres around a field), think how this could be	quickly. For	quickly, Focus on comprehension of questions-Links to the Middle Team Inquiry-Great results in the Middle
Made observations of student work and assessments (IKAN/BF)	ssments (IKAN/BF)	been given? Add this to your diagram. 3rd time - what is it	Team PAT	Team PAT Data due to the comprehension work they
and chose to focus on fractions and place value. Introduced ideas as part of Daily Hot Spot (such as negative	ilue. uch as negative	asking us to do? Or do we have to pose our own questions (numberless word problems). Work on solving, then read again	have done.	have done. It was identified that some students struggled to solve
integers, halving double digit numbers/odd numbers) Carried out 'Fraction Talks'	umbers)	to check you have answered it.	the PAT q	the PAT questions independently. By reading through the questions with them during the assessment, they
T3 - Started using our 'topic table' to get to grips with	rips with coverage of	9 out of 14 Year 5 students made accelerated progress		were more able to understand and identify the maths they need to solve.
Made sure some of our daily Panga covered aspects of the PAT analysis of areas of misconception or error for the target group.	aspects of the PAT	over the year. 4 of those students made more than two years progress.	•	Continue to develop consistency of curriculum coverage across the team, to make sure we are
Worked to integrate different topic areas - eg. position and orientation, scale, percentage, decimals. Measurement - length,	. position and asurement - length,	student made more than three years progress students did not achieve the goal.	teaching a	teaching areas in depth and not just skimming the surface.
area, perimeter, volume and as practical as possible.	oossible.	- NB: All 14 students are still achieving at a level above the national average for year 5.		

PARKLAND SCHOOL (2424) ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE REPORT 2019

YEAR 6 MATHEMATICS



Baseline Data	a		Outcomes
Year 6	PAT 2018 Scale Score	PAT 2019 Scale Score	Progress
		Average Y6 Scaled Score 45.1	Average SS progress between Y5 & Y6 is 6.2
Student 1 (AW) Room 8-Y6	42.1	50.7	+ 8.6
Student 2 (JD) Room 8-Y6	52.2	72.5	. 20.3
Student 3 (TB) Room 8-Y6	64.3	65.7	+ 1,4
Student 4 (JS) Room 7-Y6	52.2	63.9	4, 11,7
Student 5 (GH) Room7-Y6	49.6	53.1	+ 3.5
Student 6 (PLM) Room 11-Y6	38.5	42.4	+ 3.9
Student 7 (LT) Room 11-Y6	09	69.8	85.
Student 8 (SFB) Room 11-Y6	70.2	97.6	4 37.4
Student 9 (RR) Room 12-Y6	24.0	42.4	+ 48.4



Next Steps	Analyse errors and trends from this years PAT Data to inform important teaching areas next year.	- The seven students who did not make the expected	progress would need to be closely monitored next year, either as larget students for Year Six teachers next	year or by current teachers sharing these outcomes	with Intermediate Teachers for next year.	 Continue to teach how to test, a range of students, 	including target students, rushed through the test quite	quickly. Focus on comprehension of questions-Links to	the Middle Team Inquiry-Great results in the Middle	Team PAT Data due to the comprehension work they	have done.	 It was identified that some students struggled to solve 	the PAT questions independently. By reading through	the questions with them during the assessment, they	were more able to understand and identify the maths	they need to solve.	- Continue to develop consistency of curriculum	coverage across the team, to make sure we are	teaching areas in depth and not just skimming the	surface.						
Variance Comment	We noticed a lack of engagement during Maths towards the end of Term Two, which is why we made the drastic changes in Term	Three.	We have noticed more competition between classes trying to	achieve the most students over 2000 points in order to win the Mathletics Trophy, which means they are more engaged in their	independent Maths work.		We have noticed since we have begun using talk moves more	to use them as well		We have noticed students are beginning to work more	collaboratively than before. They are justifying their thinking,	questioning others (respectfully) and are excited to share their	ideas with their buddies or their groups.		We have noticed more able students stepping into leadership	roles within groups (and in general class time e.g. quizzes) to	mentor and teach their peers who may not be as sure-Luakana		 6 out of 9 students made accelerated progress 	 3 of those made more than two year's progress within 	the twelve month period.	 7 out of 9 students are achieving above the average 	scaled score for Year 6 of 45.1	 Only 2 students did not quite meet that goal but are 	close. One of those made considerable growth. (24 to	42 scaled score points)
Actions Taken	T1 - Big push in Room 11 and 12 (and across the Senior Team) to have 100% of students accessing Mathletics with an	expectation that students achieve 2000 points each week.	definition target students rearining needs unough raw data, teacher observations and anecdotal evidence.	T2 - Established far more effective collaborative practices	between teachers with the introduction of a new teacher in Room	12. Cross grouped the students in both classes according to	learning needs and overall stage levels with a strong focus on	doubles to emphasise the fact students shouldn't be stopping just	because there is ten seconds left.		T3 - Based on external observations and ongoing PD (educamp),	we made necessary adjustments to our mathematical programme	to create an inclusive learning environment with a focus on	teamwork and collaboration. We did this by giving the students a	survey about how confident they feel during Maths and who they	enjoy working with. Using this information we created 'Maths	Buddies' and Maths Groups to work in which also had a range of	learning levels between utem,	T4 - After looking into student learning needs, based on Term 3	IKAN results and ongoing teacher judgements, we decided to	continue the Problem Solving programme we set up for two days	a week and work individually in ability based groups for the other	two days.			



28 May 2020

PO Box 5257 Unit 6, Northcote Office Park 98 Grey St, Palmerston North 4410

> Email admin@auditors.co.nz www.auditors.co.nz

> > Phone 06 354 3685

Dear Board,

The Audited Financial Statements

Please find attached your 31 December 2019 Audit Report and the associated Financial Statements.

Ministry Filing Requirements

It is the responsibility of the Board to submit your Annual Report to the MOE by the 31 May 2020:

A single PDF file of your Annual Report, including the stamped audited financial statements must be submitted to the Ministry of Education via the Ministry's School Data Portal. The Annual Report must contain the following:

- > Financial Statements attached which includes Statement of Responsibility signed and dated
- > Audit Report signed and dated
- > List of Board of Trustees members and the dates they go out of office
- > Statement on Kiwisport funding
- Analysis of Variance

For your ease we have emailed to you the entire document as one PDF file.

Website Publication

Boards <u>must also ensure</u> the Annual Report is available to the public on an internet site maintained by, or on behalf of the Board (Education Act 1989 s87AB) e.g. your website. Please ensure that this is uploaded promptly to comply with this requirement.

The Management Report

The Management Report which is addressed to the Board outlining our comments for improvement, will be forwarded to your School shortly with the original signed audited financial statements.

Please note that the Management Report is NOT to be uploaded to your school website, or the MOE Portal, as the content of this report is confidential to the Board.

Thank You

Thank you for all your help in achieving this result. Covid-19 has definitely put pressure on the process this year, and we have greatly appreciated the timely response from you for all our questions and queries raised.

Viv Cotton Director

